of nursing, medicine, or public health, such collaboration shall be with nurses and physicians who are affiliated with either a collegiate school of nursing, school of medicine, or school of public health.

- 2. Co-program directors from nursing and medicine are recommended.
- C. Student enrollment. 1. A nurse practitioner or nurse midwifery education program shall have an enrollment of not less than six full-time equivalent students in each class.
- 2. All students enrolled in a nurse practitioner or nurse midwifery education program must be licensed to practice nursing (a) at the time of enrollment, or (b) in the case of a program leading to a graduate degree in nursing, at or prior to the time of completion of a program.
- 3. The policies for the recruitment and selection of students shall be consistent with the requirements of the sponsoring institution and developed in cooperation with the faculty responsible for conducting the education. Admission criteria shall take into consideration the educational background and work experience of applicants.
- D. Length of program. A nurse practitioner or nurse midwifery education program shall be a minimum of 1 academic year (or 9 months) in length and shall include at least 4 months (in the aggregate) of classroom instruction.
- E. Curriculum. 1. A nurse practitioner or nurse midwifery education program shall be a discrete program consisting of classroom instruction and faculty-supervised clinical practice designed to teach registered nurses the knowledge and skills needed to perform the functions of a nurse practitioner or nurse midwife specified in the defintion of that term as set forth in these guidelines. The curriculum shall be developed and implemented cooperatively by nurse educators, physicans, and appropriate representatives of other health disciplines. The following are examples of broad areas of program content which should be included: Communications and interviewing (history taking); basic physical examination including pathophysiology; positive health mainte-nance; care during acute and chronic phases of illness; management of chronic illness; health teaching and counseling; role realignment and establishment of collaborative roles with physicians and other health care providers; and community resources. The program content, both classroom instruction and clinical practice, should be developed so that the nurse practitioner or nurse midwife is prepared to provide primary health care as defined in these guidelines.
- 2. The curriculum may include a preceptorship, in which the student is assigned to a designated preceptor (a nurse practitioner, nurse midwife, or physician) who is responsible for teaching, supervising, and evaluating the student and for providing the student

- with an environment which permits observation and active participation in the delivery of primary health care. If a preceptorship is included, it shall be under the direction and supervision of the faculty.
- F. Faculty qualifications. A nurse practitioner or nurse midwifery education program shall have a sufficient number of qualified nursing and medical (and other related professional) faculty with academic preparation and clinical expertise relevant to their areas of teaching responsibility and with demonstrated ability in the development and implementation of educational programs.
- G. Resources. 1. A nurse practitioner or nurse midwifery education program shall have available sufficient educational and clinical resources including a variety of practice settings, particularly in ambulatory care.
- 2. Clinical practice facilities shall be adequate in terms of space and equipment, number of clients, diversity of client age, and need for care, number of students enrolled in the program, and other students using the facility for education purposes.
- 3. Where the institution or organization conducting the program does not provide the clinical practice settings itself, it shall provide for such settings through written agreements with other appropriate institutions or organizations.
- 4. Where the institution or organization conducting the program is other than a school of nursing, medicine, or public health, it shall provide for sufficient educational expertise through written agreeements with a collegiate school of nursing, school of medicine, or school of public health.

[42 FR 60883, Nov. 29, 1977, as amended at 43 FR 27837, June 27, 1978; 52 FR 27344, July 21, 1987; 57 FR 45741, Oct. 5, 1992]

Subpart Z—Grants for Advanced Nurse Education Programs

AUTHORITY: Sec. 215 of the Public Health Service Act, 58 Stat. 690, as amended by 63 Stat. 35 (42 U.S.C. 216); sec. 821 of the Public Health Service Act, 89 Stat. 361; as amended by 95 Stat. 930, 99 Stat. 394 and 548, and Pub. L. 102-408, 106 Stat. 2072 (42 U.S.C. 2961).

§ 57.2501 Applicability.

The regulations of this subpart apply to the award of grants to public and private nonprofit collegiate schools of nursing under section 821 of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 2961) to meet the costs of projects to:

(a) Plan, develop, and operate new programs; or

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(b) Significantly expand existing programs leading to advanced degrees that prepare nurses to serve as nurse educators or public health nurses, or in other clinical nurse specialties determined by the Secretary to require advanced education.

[61 FR 6127, Feb. 16, 1996]

§ 57.2502 Definitions.

As used in this subpart:

Act means the Public Health Service Act, as amended.

Advanced nurse education program means a program of study in a collegiate school of nursing which leads to masters' and doctoral degrees and which prepares nurses to serve as nurse educators, administrators, or researchers or to serve in clinical nurse specialties determined by the Secretary to require advanced education.

Budget period means the interval of time into which the approved activity is divided for budgetary purposes, as specified in the grant award document.

Collegiate school of nursing means a department, division, or other administrative unit in a college or university which provides primarily or exclusively a program of education in professional nursing and allied subjects leading to the degree of bachelor of arts, bachelor of science, bachelor of nursing, or to an equivalent degree, or to masters' and doctoral degrees in nursing, and including advanced education related to this type of educational program provided by the school, but only if the program, or unit, college or university is accredited.

Construction means (1) the construction of new buildings and the acquisition, expansion, remodeling, replacement, and alteration of existing buildings including architects' fees but not including the cost of acquisition of land (except in the case of acquisition of an existing building), offsite improvements, living quarters, or patient-care facilities, and (2) equipping new buildings and existing buildings, whether or not acquired, expanded, remodeled, or altered.

Council means the National Advisory Council on Nurse Education and Practice established by section 851(a) of the Act. Nonprofit refers to the status of an entity which is a corporation or association, or is owned and operated by one or more corporations or associations no part of the net earnings of which inures, or may lawfully inure, to the benefit of any private shareholder or individual.

Professional nurse means a registered nurse who has received initial nursing preparation from a diploma, associate degree, or collegiate school of nursing as defined in section 853 of the Act and who is currently licensed to practice nursing.

Project period means the total time for which support for a project has been approved, as specified in the grant award document.

Secretary means the Secretary of Health and Human Services and any other officer or employee of the Department of Health and Human Services to whom the authority involved has been delegated.

State means, in addition to the several States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, the Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, the Republic of Palau, the Republic of the Marshall Islands, and the Federated States of Micronesia.

[43 FR 43416, Sept. 25, 1978, as amended at 48 FR 45113, Oct. 3, 1983; 52 FR 27346, July 21, 1987; 57 FR 45741, Oct. 5, 1992; 61 FR 6127, Feb. 16, 1996]

§57.2503 Eligibility.

- (a) *Eligible applicants.* To be eligible for a grant under this subpart the applicant shall:
- (1) Be a public or private nonprofit collegiate school of nursing.
- (2) Be located in a State.
- (b) *Eligible projects.* A grant under this subpart may be made to an eligible applicant to meet the cost of:
- (1) A project to plan, develop, and operate an advanced nurse education program. The planning period of this project is limited to 1 year. The project must enroll students before the end of the project period;
- (2) A project to significantly expand an advanced nurse education program through one or more of the following activities: